

[1] 次の英文を読んで、設問に答えなさい。(39点)

There are poor people in every country. In 1965, *the Missionaries of Charity started working in Venezuela, South America. After that, they (①) a home in Rome. Then they (②) to Tanzania and many countries in Africa, Europe and Asia.

In 1969, there was a television program about Mother Teresa and her work. It was a *BBC program, and it was (③) British TV first. After the program, many letters arrived for her. A lot of people wanted to work with her or give money. Then people in Europe, the USA and Asia watched the program. People in many countries wanted to help her. Suddenly, Mother Teresa became world-famous.

She did not like to be famous. The Missionaries of Charity were not hers; they were God's. She was only a pen in God's hand, she often said, '[A]'

People often asked her about her work. One question was, 'You are with sick people and dying people every day. Is it difficult? How do you ④do it?'

Her answer was, '[B]' For Mother Teresa, love of God was the important thing. She wanted to give her love to God, but we cannot see God. We can only (⑤) God in people. She loved poor people and dying people because she loved God in them. For her this was beautiful, not difficult.

She was (③) television again in 1979 because ⑥the Nobel Peace Prize went to her. This famous prize was ⑦\$150,000 in that year—a lot of money then. Every year, the prize goes to an important worker for world peace. Many important people go to *Oslo from many countries for the prize day. On that day in 1979, Mother Teresa talked to them about love and peace. They asked her, 'How can we get world peace?' She answered, '[C]'

In the 1980s, there were Missionaries of Charity in 100 countries. They were not only in poor countries; there was a home for dying people in New York, too. Mother Teresa often talked to *heads of government in these countries, but she was always (⑧) her poor woman's *sari.

In 1990, Mother Teresa was 80 years old but she did not stop (⑨). Her days started at four o'clock in the morning. She worked all day and into the night. She had (⑩) sleep.

Mother Teresa died in September 1997 at the home of the Missionaries of Charity in *Calcutta. At that time, there were 4,000 Missionaries of Charity in 123 countries, and 3,000,000 people worked with them.

People wanted to see her and say goodbye (⑪) her. Poor people from Calcutta

and people from the government of India came. Important people arrived from many countries.

One person said about her, [D]

Mother Teresa was a light for the poor people of Calcutta, but she is also a light for all of us in every country of the world.

(注) the Missionaries of Charity : 神の愛の宣教師会

BBC : 英国放送協会 (イギリスの公共放送局) Oslo : オスロ (ノルウェーの首都)

heads of government : 政府高官

sari : サリー (インドやネパールなどの女性用民族衣装)

Calcutta : カルカッタ (インド東部の都市)

1. (①)(②)(⑤)(⑨)内に入る最も適当なものを下から1つずつ選び、必要に応じて適当な形に変えなさい。ただし、同じものは1度しか使えません。

[look work see open go]

2. (③)(⑧)(⑪)内に入る最も適当なものを下から1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。ただし、同じ記号は1度しか使えません。

ア in イ with ウ to エ on オ for

3. 文中の[A]~[D]内に入る最も適当な英文を下から1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。ただし、同じ記号は1度しか使えません。

ア And he is sending a love letter to the world.

イ Go home and love your family.

ウ She was a light in a dark time.

エ I see God in every person.

4. 下線部④について、do it とはどうすることか、最も適当なものを下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア 神の手の中にあるペンになること

イ マザーテレサに仕事のことをたずねること

ウ 毎日病人や死を待つ人々のそばにいること

エ 神に愛を与えたいと願うこと

5. 下線部⑥の賞はどのような人が受賞するのか、文中より抜き出しなさい。

6. 下線部⑦の読み方を英語で答えなさい。

7. (⑩)内に入る最も適当なものを下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア few イ little ウ many エ much オ a lot of

8. 次のア～オの出来事を起こった順に並べかえ、記号で答えなさい。

ア マザーテレサがノーベル賞を受賞した。

イ マザーテレサが亡くなった。

ウ 神の愛の宣教者がベネズエラで活動を始めた。

エ マザーテレサが 80 歳になった。

オ マザーテレサとその仕事が BBC の番組で初めて紹介された。

9. 次の各文のうち、本文の内容と一致するものを下から 3 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア 神の愛の宣教者はベネズエラよりもタンザニアで先に活動が始まった。

イ テレビ番組を見た多くの人々がマザーテレサに支援を申し出た。

ウ 神の愛の宣教者はマザーテレサのものであった。

エ マザーテレサが世界的に有名になったのは突然のことであった。

オ ノーベル平和賞はマザーテレサの最も望んでいる賞であった。

カ 神の愛の宣教者は貧しい国でのみ活動している。

キ マザーテレサは神の愛の宣教者の活動が忙しく、政府高官に会うことはなかった。

ク マザーテレサが亡くなった当時、300 万人もの人々が宣教者とともに働いていた。

出典： D'Arcy Adrian-Vallance 『Penguin Readers -Mother Teresa-』 Pearson Education 2008 年

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[余白]

[2] 次の英文を読んで、設問に答えなさい。(30点)

There are many animals in danger of disappearing. In 1993, *the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) showed a list of animals in danger. On the list were 108 different kinds of sheep, 120 of cows, 99 of horses, 69 of pigs, 39 of *goats, 6 of donkeys, and one kind of buffalo. The total reached nearly 6,000 *species. One of these species is the giant panda. Many years ago, there were many giant pandas all over China. Now only about 1,600 are ①(leave) in the mountains of the southwest.

Pandas are a kind of bear. They have black fur around their eyes, and on their ears, nose, legs and shoulders. The other parts of the animal's coat are (②). Though scientists do not know why these *unusual bears are black and white, ③some think that the coloring can protect pandas against natural enemies. Giant panda's fur is thick and covered with oil that keeps it dry in the wet weather. ④This keeps the panda warm in the cold forests. Giant pandas have large ⑤(tooth) and strong *jaw muscles. They can *crush and eat hard bamboo with them. Many people think that these animals are cute, but ⑥[any other / as / as / bear / be / can / giant pandas / dangerous].

In the forests, pandas eat mostly bamboo. They have to eat a lot of bamboo because it is not very *nutritious. So ⑦[call / some Chinese / bamboo bears / them]. Pandas eat for about ten hours ⑧a day.

In China, people and giant pandas have lived together for a very long time. But the number of people in China is growing. It is now the ⑨(large) in the world. More land and wood are needed for farming and building houses. More bamboo forests are cut down because of ⑩this matter. And people are hunting giant pandas to sell their fur. Before 1997 a person killing a giant panda could receive the death penalty. But today the heaviest penalty for *panda poaching is over 10 years in *prison.

*The World Wide Fund (WWF) for Nature is now working with Chinese scientists to save pandas by building protected areas and *breeding centers. China has 37 official areas for protecting the giant panda.

For years, many Chinese have thought of the giant panda as an unofficial national symbol. Today, ⑪the WWF trademark is known (A) in China (B) in most countries as a universal symbol for the conservation movement itself.



(注) the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations : 国連食糧農業機関
goat : ヤギ species : 種・種類 unusual : 珍しい
jaw muscles : あごの筋肉 crush : 噛み砕く nutritious : 栄養のある
panda poaching : パンダの密猟 prison : 刑務所
The World Wide Fund for Nature : 世界自然保護基金
breeding centers : 飼育場

1. ①⑤⑨の()内の語を適当な形に変えなさい。
2. (②)内には色を表す語が入ります。その語を英語1語で答えなさい。
3. 下線部③の後ろに省略されている1語を文中より抜き出しなさい。
4. 下線部④⑩が指す内容として最も適当なものを下から1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。
 - ④ ア パンダの毛皮は厚く、油膜でおおわれていること
イ 厚い毛皮は寒い気候からパンダを守ってくれること
ウ 森林の気候はとても湿度が高く、パンダが暮らしにくいこと
エ 天敵から身を守るため、パンダは厚い毛皮でおおわれていること
 - ⑩ ア 毛皮を売るために多くのパンダが殺されていること
イ 中国では数千年もの間、人間とパンダが共生していること
ウ 多くの竹林がパンダのエサにするために切り倒されていること
エ 農業や家屋建築のために、もっと多くの土地と木材が必要であること
5. 下線部⑥⑦を意味が通るように、[]内の語(句)をそれぞれ並べかえなさい。
6. 下線部⑧と同じ意味の a が含まれている文を下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
 - ア A dog barks.
 - イ Give me a glass of water.
 - ウ She plays tennis twice a week.
 - エ On a hot day, they ate ice cream together.

7. 下線部①が次の日本語の内容を表すように、(A)(B)内に入る最も適当な語(句)をそれぞれ下の A 群、B 群から1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

「WWF のトレードマークは中国国内同様、大多数の国々において、自然環境保護運動の全世界共通のシンボルとして知られている」

【A 群】

ア	either
イ	neither
ウ	not only
エ	as well
オ	from

【B 群】

ア	but
イ	to
ウ	nor
エ	or
オ	as

8. 次の各文のうち、本文の内容と一致するものを下から3つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア パンダは昔から中国の限られた地域でしか生息していなかった。
- イ 科学者たちは、パンダの毛皮の模様がなぜ白と黒なのか知らない。
- ウ パンダは外敵から身を守るため、大きな歯と強いあごの筋肉を持っている。
- エ 竹はあまり栄養分が含まれていないため、パンダは多くの竹を食べる必要がある。
- オ パンダは食糧の竹がなくなると、それを探しもとめて何時間でも移動する。
- カ 今日、パンダを密猟した場合、最高刑で死刑に処せられる。
- キ パンダを絶滅の危機から救うため、中国ではパンダを育てる公共の保護区がある。
- ク 中国は WWF にパンダを預けて、パンダを飼育してもらっている。

出典： ・ Joseph P. Macadam 『The World Needs you -The Silent Cry of the Earth-』 啓林館 1994 年

ISBN コード:4-402-28124-5 C7382

・ WWF-Giant Panda-Overview

URL (<http://www.worldwildlife.org/species/finder/giantpanda/panda.html>)

・ Globio-Glossopedia-Giant Panda

URL (http://www.globio.org/glossopedia/article.aspx?art_id=1)

・ Oracle Education Foundation-Think Quest-Giant Panda

URL (<http://thinkquest.org/pls/html/think.library>)

・ WWF China-Panda Central-Threats

URL (http://www.wwfchina.org/english/pandacentral/htm/learn_about_giant_panda/panda_q_a/threats.htm)

・ Smithsonian National Zoological Park-Giant Pandas

URL (<http://nationalzoo.si.edu/animals/giantpandas/default.cfm>)

[3] 次の英文の()内に入る最も適当なものを1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。(2点×5)

1. I have an uncle () is a famous musician.

ア who イ whose ウ whom エ which

2. The girl () the piano over there is my sister.

ア plays イ played ウ playing エ to play

3. You should see a doctor () it is too late.

ア when イ before ウ after エ till

4. If it () fine tomorrow, we will go on a picnic.

ア will イ will be ウ is エ was

5. () do you feel?

ア How イ What ウ Why エ Where

[4] 次の各組で、下線部の発音が他と異なるものを1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。(1点×5)

1. ア someone イ young ウ pass エ begun

2. ア almost イ autumn ウ brought エ old

3. ア other イ anything ウ third エ Thursday

4. ア wood イ cook ウ took エ cool

5. ア choose イ character ウ peach エ March

[5] 次の会話文の ～ 内に入る最も適当なものをそれぞれ1つずつ
選び、記号で答えなさい。(2点×5)

〈on the telephone〉

Susan : Hello?

Tony : Hi, is Susan Smith there?

Susan : Who's this?

Tony : Oh, hi Sue! This is Tony. Wow, I thought it was your mom on the telephone.

Susan : Tony? It's nice to hear your voice.

Tony : Yes, I just got home last night. Can we meet somewhere? I have something
from Japan that I want to give you.

Susan : OK, let's meet at the new pizza shop in the Fairview Mall.

Do you know it?

Tony : No, I don't. But I'm sure I can find it...

〈at the Fairview Mall〉

Tony : Excuse me sir, can you tell me where the new pizza shop is?

Man : Do you mean Papa's Pizza?

Tony :

Man : It's on the third floor near the elevator.

Tony : Do you mean the elevator on the east side of the mall or the west side?

Man : The west side elevator. The one that is next to the bookstore.

Go up to the third floor. Papa's Pizza is the second store on the left.

Tony : Great. Thank you very much!

- (1) ア Yes, she is.
イ Yes, there is.
ウ This is she.
エ This is there.
- (2) ア Are you going to Japan?
イ Are you home from Japan now?
ウ Have you gone to Japan yet?
エ Can you come home?
- (3) ア It's called Papa's Pizza.
イ We usually eat pizza.
ウ It's very busy right now.
エ I don't want to go there.
- (4) ア No, I don't.
イ No, it means Papa's Pizza.
ウ Yes, I hope so.
エ Yes, that's the one.
- (5) ア You can't miss it.
イ You may never find it.
ウ You will miss it.
エ You mustn't find it.

[6] 次の各組の英文の()内には同じつづりの語が入ります。その語を答えなさい。

(2点×5)

1. Masako moved to Wakayama last ().
Leaves () softly to the ground.
2. Our teacher gave us the () answer.
You can see a post office on your ().
3. Mika caught a (), so she couldn't go out.
It was () outside.
4. You must () your mouth while you are eating.
The park is () to the station.
5. Would you () some cookies?
Yuko looks () a kind person.

[7] 次の各組の英文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、()内に適当な語を入れなさい。

(2点×5)

1. Let's go to a concert this evening.
How ()() to a concert this evening?
2. I was so tired that I couldn't work last night.
I was () tired () work last night.
3. Junko studies history at school.
History is the subject ()() at school.
4. Please speak more slowly.
()() speak more slowly?
5. We have no libraries in this city.
This city () have () libraries.

[8] 次の日本語の意味を表す英文になるように、()内に適当な語を入れなさい。

(2点×5)

1. スーパーの正面に花屋があります。

There is a flower shop () () of the supermarket.

2. 私は来週の祭りを楽しみにしています。

I am () forward () the festival next week.

3. ヒデキの身長はどのくらいですか。

() () is Hideki?

4. 最近ますます暖かくなっている。

It is getting warmer () () these days.

5. その女の子は母親にパーティーに何を着て行けばよいかたずねた。

The girl asked her mother () () wear to the party.

[9] 次のア～ケから文法・語法上正しい英文を3つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

(2点×3)

ア Takeshi is enough wise to solve such a difficult problem.

イ My aunt has lived in New York since five years.

ウ Cheese is made from milk.

エ My idea is very different from you.

オ Yuki bought beautiful flowers to me on my birthday.

カ Takayuki had no friends to play with when he was a child.

キ When have you started the game?

ク I don't know what subject he likes.

ケ Every girls have her own desk.

[10] リスニングテスト：放送中にメモをとってもかまいません。(2点×10)

PART 1 英文とそれに対する質問文が2度ずつ読まれます。その質問に対する答えとして最も適当なものを1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

1. A sporting goods
B trips
C hotels
D big cars

2. A sporting goods
B the whole family
C many car companies
D camping trips

3. A nearly 17 parks
B over 70 parks
C over 17 parks
D nearly 70 parks

4. A 5 years ago
B this year
C 10 years ago
D last year

5. A No, not yet.
B Yes, you can camp anywhere.
C No, not at all.
D Yes, you can camp in some places.

PART 2 会話とそれに対する質問文が2度ずつ読まれます。その質問に対する答えとして最も適当なものを1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

1. A a gray tent
B a big tent
C a blue tent
D a small tent

2. A two people
B three people
C four people
D five people

3. A very wide inside
B very big
C very wide outside
D very strong

4. A very wide inside
B very big
C very wide outside
D very strong

5. A \$ 388
B \$ 389
C \$ 348
D \$ 349

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入学試験 英語 解答用紙

[1]	1	①		②		⑤		⑨					
	2	③		⑧		⑪							
	3	A		B		C		D					
	4	④		5	⑥								
	6	⑦								dollars			
	7	⑩		8		→		→		→		→	
	9	9は順不同 8は3点 その他は各2点											

(8点)
(6点)
(8点)
(4点)
(2点)
(5点)
(6点)

[2]	1	①		⑤		⑨						
	2	②		3	③		4	④		⑩		
	5	⑥										
	5	⑦										
	6	⑧		7	⑪	【A群】		【B群】		7は完答		
	8	8は順不同 5は各3点 その他は各2点										

(6点)
(8点)
(6点)
(4点)
(6点)

[3]	1		2		3		4		5		2点×5
-----	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	------

[4]	1		2		3		4		5		1点×5
-----	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	------

[5]	1		2		3		4		5		2点×5
-----	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	------

[6]	1		2		3	
	4		5		2点×5	

[7]	1		2	
	3		4	
	5	2点×5		

[8]	1		2	
	3		4	
	5	2点×5		

[9]				順不同 2点×3
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[10]	PART 1	1		2		3		4		5	
	PART 2	1		2		3		4		5	

小計	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10	
	(39点)	(30点)	(10点)	(5点)	(10点)	(10点)	(10点)	(10点)	(10点)	(10点)	(6点)	(20点)								

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入学試験 英語 解答用紙

[1]	1	①	opened	②	went	⑤	see	⑨	working				
	2	③	エ	⑧	ア	⑪	ウ						
	3	A	ア	B	エ	C	イ	D	ウ				
	4	④	ウ	5	⑥	an important worker for world peace							
	6	⑦	one hundred (and) fifty thousand				dollars						
	7	⑩	イ	8	ウ	→	オ	→	ア	→	エ	→	イ
	9	イ	エ	ク	9は順不同 8は3点 その他は各2点								

(8点)
(6点)
(8点)
(4点)
(2点)
(5点)
(6点)

[2]	1	①	left	⑤	teeth	⑨	largest					
	2	②	white	3	③	scientists		4	④	ア	⑩	エ
	5	⑥	giant pandas can be as dangerous as any other bear									
	5	⑦	some Chinese call them bamboo bears									
	6	⑧	ウ	7	⑪	【A群】	ウ	【B群】	ア	7は完答		
	8	イ	エ	キ	8は順不同 5は各3点 その他は各2点							

(6点)
(8点)
(6点)
(4点)
(6点)

[3]	1	ア	2	ウ	3	イ	4	ウ	5	ア	2点×5
-----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

[4]	1	ウ	2	エ	3	ア	4	エ	5	イ	1点×5
-----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

[5]	1	ウ	2	イ	3	ア	4	エ	5	ア	2点×5
-----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

[6]	1	fall	2	right	3	cold				
	4	close	5	like						

[7]	1	about	going	2	too	to					
	3	Junko	studies	4	Will		you				
	5	doesn't		any							

[8]	1	in	front	2	looking	to					
	3	How	tall	4	and		warmer				
	5	what		to							

[9]	ウ	カ	ク	順不同 2点×3						
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[10]	PART 1	1	A	2	D	3	B	4	C	5	D
	PART 2	1	B	2	C	3	D	4	A	5	D

2点×10

小計	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	(39点)	(30点)	(10点)	(5点)	(10点)	(10点)	(10点)	(10点)	(6点)	(20点)